



### SECTION-B

- 11) A spring mass system with mass  $m$  kg and stiffness  $k$  N/m has a natural frequency of 1 Hz. Determine the value of stiffness  $k_1$  of another spring which when arranged in conjunction with spring of stiffness  $k$  in series will lower the natural frequency by 20% and in parallel will raise the natural frequency by 20%.
- 12) Describe and differentiate Coulomb and Viscous Damping in detail.
- 13) Add two harmonic motions analytically which are represented by the equations :  
$$x(1) = 4 \sin (7t+\pi/6)$$
$$x(2) = 5 \cos(7t-\pi/12)$$
  
Compare the result with graphical representation.
- 14) Torque  $T$  is applied at the midpoint of a uniform cross-section circular shaft of length ' $l$ ', which twists the shaft by angle  $\alpha$  radians. If the torque is released suddenly, derive equation for resulting motion.
- 15) Describe torsional vibration absorber with neat sketch.

### SECTION-C

- 16) Explain the following :
  - a) Vibration isolation transmissibility
  - b) Torsional vibration of circular shafts
- 17) A beam having length of 0.42 m, moment of inertia  $10000\text{m}^4$  and modulus of elasticity  $196000 \text{ N/m}^2$  is supporting two masses 40 kg and 20 kg at a distance of 0.16 and 0.24 m from one end. Determine lowest natural frequency by Rayleigh's method.
- 18) Determine the normal function for the boundary conditions as one end fixed and the other end free of a cantilever system of length ' $l$ ', starting with the expression for strain energy during free longitudinal vibration of bar with uniform area of cross-section.

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